

Information Circular

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Communication from the Permanent Mission of the People's Republic of China to the Agency

1. On 19 March 2025, the Secretariat received a Note Verbale, together with an attachment, from the Permanent Mission of the People's Republic of China to the Agency.
2. As requested, the Note Verbale and its attachment are herewith circulated for the information of all Member States.



中华人民共和国常驻维也纳联合国和其他国际组织代表团
PERMANENT MISSION OF THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA TO THE
UNITED NATIONS AND OTHER INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS IN VIENNA

No. CPMV/2025/49

The Permanent Mission of the People's Republic of China to the United Nations and other International Organizations in Vienna presents its compliments to the Secretariat of the International Atomic Energy Agency and have the honor to inform the latter that on March 14, the Deputy Foreign Ministers of China, Russia, and Iran held a meeting in Beijing. Foreign Minister Wang Yi met with the heads of delegations to the meeting and put forward China's five-point proposition on the Iranian nuclear issue.

It is the hope of the Permanent Mission of China that this Note, together with the attached China's five-point proposition on the Iranian nuclear issue, will be duly circulated to all Member States by the Secretariat as an INFCRIC document.

The Permanent Mission of the People's Republic of China to the United Nations and other International Organizations in Vienna avails itself of this opportunity to renew to the Secretariat of the IAEA the assurances of its highest consideration.



The Secretariat of
International Atomic Energy Agency
VIC, Vienna 1400

China's Five-Point Proposition on the Iranian Nuclear Issue

MARCH 14, 2025

On 14 March 2025, Member of the Political Bureau of the CPC Central Committee and Foreign Minister Wang Yi met with Deputy Foreign Minister Ryabkov Sergey Alexeevich of the Russian Federation and Deputy Foreign Minister Kazem Gharibabadi of the Islamic Republic of Iran who attended the Beijing Meeting Between China, Russia and Iran, and proposed the following five points on the proper settlement of the Iranian nuclear issue.

First, stay committed to peaceful settlement of disputes through political and diplomatic means, and oppose the use of force and illegal sanctions. All parties should uphold the vision of common, comprehensive, cooperative and sustainable security, work actively to create conditions for the resumption of dialogue and negotiation, and refrain from actions that might escalate the situation.

Second, stay committed to balancing rights and responsibilities, and take a holistic approach to the goals of nuclear nonproliferation and peaceful uses of nuclear energy. Iran should continue honoring its commitment to not developing nuclear weapons, and all other parties should fully respect Iran's right to peaceful uses of nuclear energy as a State Party to the Treaty on the Non-proliferation of Nuclear Weapons (NPT).

Third, stay committed to the framework of the Joint Comprehensive Plan of Action (JCPOA) as the basis for new consensus. China hopes that all parties will work toward the same direction and resume dialogue and negotiation as early as possible. The United States should demonstrate political sincerity and return to talks

at an early date.

Fourth, stay committed to promoting cooperation through dialogue, and oppose pressing for intervention by the U.N. Security Council (UNSC). Under the current situation, hasty intervention by the UNSC will not help build confidence or bridge differences among the relevant parties. Initiating the snapback mechanism would undo years of diplomatic efforts, and must be handled with caution.

Fifth, stay committed to a step-by-step and reciprocal approach, and seek consensus through consultation. History has proven that acting from a position of strength would not lead to the key to resolving difficult issues. Upholding the principle of mutual respect is the only viable path to finding the greatest common ground that accommodates the legitimate concerns of all parties and reaching a solution that meets the expectation of the international community.

As a permanent member of the UNSC and a party to the JCPOA, China will stay in communication and coordination with all relevant parties, actively promote talks for peace, and play a constructive role in realizing early resumption of talks.